

Enrollment No: \_\_\_\_\_

Exam Seat No: \_\_\_\_\_

# C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

## Winter Examination-2019

**Subject Name : Industrial Tribology**

**Subject Code: 4TE07ITR1**

**Branch: B.Tech (Mechanical)**

**Semester : 7**

**Date : 22/11/2019**

**Time : 10:30 To 01:30**

**Marks : 70**

Instructions:

- (1) Question 1 is compulsory.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

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<b>Q-1</b>	<b>Attempt the following questions:</b>	<b>(14)</b>
	1) Define the term 'Tribology'.	2
	2) Give example of solid film lubricant.	2
	3) State the Coulomb's law of friction.	2
	4) Define the term "Kinematic Viscosity".	1
	5) Write note on SAE grading oil.	1
	6) What do you understand by 10W/30 motor oil.	1
	7) Write down basic objective of lubrication.	1
	8) Draw a sketch of tilting pad thrust bearing.	1
	9) What is viscosity index?	1
	10) What is flash point?	1
	11) What is dry friction?	1

**Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8**

<b>Q-2</b>	(a) Explain geometrical properties of surface with neat sketch.	7
	(b) Discuss the method of surface measurement in detail with neat sketches.	7
<b>Q-3</b>	(a) Define the term "Wear". State the suggestions to reduce or remove the wear from the machinery in the early design stages with suitable example.	7
	(b) Enlist the factors affecting wear. Discuss all in detail.	7
<b>Q-4</b>	(a) What is hydrostatic step bearing? Derive equation for load carrying capacity of hydrostatic step bearing.	7
	(b) Explain in detail recycling of used oil, process of recycling and method of disposal of used oil.	7
<b>Q-5</b>	(a) State the assumptions to derive Petroff's equation for hydrodynamic journal bearing and also derive the equation for the same.	7
	(b) Discuss with neat sketches the mechanism of pressure development in hydrodynamic thrust bearing.	7
<b>Q-6</b>	(a) Derive Reynolds's equation for hydrodynamic lubrication. Also state the	7



- assumptions to derive Reynolds's equation for hydrodynamic lubrication.
- (b) Define and discuss the phenomenon of 'Adhesive wear and Abrasive wear'. **7**
- Q-7** (a) A rectangular plate of 500\*400 mm is placed over a plane stationary surface. The two are separated by an oil-film of thickness 0.25 mm. The viscosity of oil is 80 cP. Determine the force required to push the plate at a speed of 5 m/s. **7**
- (b) Write a short note on 'Wear resistant materials'. **7**
- Q-8** (a) What is tribological surface? Explain, with neat sketch, the different layers of tribological surface. **7**
- (b) Draw and discuss construction and working Red wood viscometer. **7**

